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- (b) It meets the following specifications:
- (1) Epoxidized soybean oil contains oxirane oxygen, between 7.0 and 8.0 percent, as determined by the American Oil Chemists' Society (A.O.C.S.) method Cd 9-57, "Oxirane Oxygen," reapproved 1989, which is incorporated by reference in accordance with 5 U.S.C 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. Copies are available from the American Oil Chemists' Society, P. O. Box 3489, Champaign, IL 61826-3489, or may be examined at the Division of Petition Control (HFS-215), Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition, Food and Drug Administration, 1110 Vermont Ave. NW., suite 1200, Washington, DC, or at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol St. NW., suite 700, Washington, DC.
- (2) The maximum iodine value is 3.0, as determined by A.O.C.S. method Cd 1–25, "Iodine Value of Fats and Oils Wijs Method," revised 1993, which is incorporated by reference in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. The availability of this incorporation by reference is given in paragraph (b)(1) of this section.
- (3) The heavy metals (as Pb) content cannot be more than 10 parts per million, as determined by the "Heavy Metals Test," of the "Food Chemicals Codex," 4th ed. (1996), pp. 760-761, Method II (with a 2-gram sample and 20 microgram of lead ion in the control), which is incorporated by reference in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. Copies are available from the National Academy Press, Box 285, 2101 Constitution Ave. NW., Washington, DC 20055 (Internet address "http://www.nap.edu"), or may be examined at the Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition's Library, Food and Drug Administration, 200 C St. SW., rm. 3321, Washington, DC, or at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol St. NW., suite 700, Washington, DC.
- (c) The additive is used as a halogen stabilizer in brominated soybean oil at a level not to exceed 1 percent.

 $[60\ FR\ 32903,\ June\ 26,\ 1995,\ as\ amended\ at\ 64\ FR\ 1759,\ Jan.\ 12,\ 1999]$

§172.725 Gibberellic acid and its potassium salt.

The food additives gibberellic acid and its potassium salt may be used in the malting of barley in accordance with the following prescribed conditions:

- (a) The additives meet the following specifications:
- (1) The gibberellic acid is produced by deep-culture fermentation of a suitable nutrient medium by a strain of Fusarium moniliforme or a selection of this culture.
- (2) The gibberellic acid produced is of 80 percent purity or better.
- (3) The empirical formula of gibberellic acid is represented by $C_{19}H_{22}O_6$.
- (4) Potassium gibberellate is the potassium salt of the specified gibberellic acid.
- (5) The potassium gibberellate is of 80 percent purity or better.
- (6) The gibberellic acid or potassium gibberellate may be diluted with substances generally recognized as safe in foods or with salts of fatty acids conforming to §172.863.
- (b) They are used or intended for use in the malting of barley under conditions whereby the amount of either or both additives present in the malt is not in excess of 2 parts per million expressed as gibberellic acid, and the treated malt is to be used in the production of fermented malt beverages or distilled spirits only, whereby the finished distilled spirits contain none and the finished malt beverage contains not more than 0.5 part per million of gibberellic acid.
- (c) To insure the safe use of the food additives the label of the package shall bear, in addition to the other information required by the Act:
- (1) The name of the additive, "gibberellic acid" or "potassium gibberellate", whichever is appropriate.
- (2) An accurate statement of the concentration of the additive contained in the package.
- (3) Adequate use directions to provide not more than 2 parts per million of gibberellic acid in the finished malt.
- (4) Adequate labeling directions to provide that the final malt is properly

labeled as described in paragraph (d) of this section.

- (d) To insure the safe use of the additive the label of the treated malt shall bear, in addition to the other information required by the Act, the statements:
- (1) "Contains not more than 2 parts per million _____", the blank being filled in with the words "gibberellic acid" or "potassium gibberellate", whichever is appropriate; and
- (2) "Brewer's malt—To be used in the production of fermented malt beverages only" or "Distiller's malt—To be used in the production of distilled spirits only", whichever is appropriate.

§172.730 Potassium bromate.

The food additive potassium bromate may be safely used in the malting of barley under the following prescribed conditions:

- (a)(1) It is used or intended for use in the malting of barley under conditions whereby the amount of the additive present in the malt from the treatment does not exceed 75 parts per million of bromate (calculated as Br), and the treated malt is used only in the production of fermented malt beverages or distilled spirits.
- (2) The total residue of inorganic bromides in fermented malt beverages, resulting from the use of the treated malt plus additional residues of inorganic bromides that may be present from uses in accordance with other regulations in this chapter promulgated under sections 408 and/or 409 of the act, does not exceed 25 parts per million of bromide (calculated as Br). No tolerance is established for bromide in distilled spirits because there is evidence that inorganic bromides do not pass over in the distillation process.
- (b) To assure safe use of the additive, the label or labeling of the food additive shall bear, in addition to the other information required by the Act, the following:
 - (1) The name of the additive.
 - (2) Adequate directions for use.
- (c) To assure safe use of the additive, the label or labeling of the treated malt shall bear, in addition to other information required by the Act, the statement, "Brewer's Malt—To be used in the production of fermented malt

beverages only", or "Distiller's Malt— To be used in the production of distilled spirits only", whichever is the case.

§172.735 Glycerol ester of wood rosin.

Glycerol ester of wood rosin may be safely used in food in accordance with the following prescribed conditions:

- (a) It has an acid number of 3 to 9, a drop-softening point of $88\ ^\circ\text{C}-96\ ^\circ\text{C}$; and a color of N or paler as determined in accordance with Official Naval Stores Standards of the United States. It is purified by countercurrent steam distillation.
- (b) It is used to adjust the density of citrus oils used in the preparation of beverages whereby the amount of the additive does not exceed 100 parts per million of the finished beverage.

§172.755 Stearyl monoglyceridyl citrate.

The food additive stearyl monoglyceridyl citrate may be safely used in food in accordance with the following provisions:

(a) The additive is prepared by controlled chemical reaction of the following:

Reactant	Limitations
Citric acid Monoglycerides of fatty	Prepared by the glycerolysis of ed-
acids.	ible fats and oils or derived from fatty acids conforming with § 172.860.
Stearyl alcohol	Derived from fatty acids conforming with §172.860, or derived synthetically in conformity with §172.864.

(b) The additive stearyl monoglyceridyl citrate, produced as described under paragraph (a) of this section, meets the following specifications:

Acid number 40 to 52. Total citric acid 15 to 18 percent. Saponification number 215–255.

(c) The additive is used or intended for use as an emulsion stabilizer in or with shortenings containing emulsifiers.